BANGOR DAILY WHIG AND COURIER.

BY BOUTELLE & BURR. BANGOR, ME., THURSDAY MORNING, JANUARY 28, 1880. VOL. LVII.—NUMBER 20.

Daily Whig and Courier.

Special Notices.

Prepared Wood.

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Whig and Courier.

BOUTELLE & BURR, PROPRIETORS.

C. A. BOUTELLE, EDITOR

All business letters should be addressed to Boutelle & Burr, and communications intended for publication should be addressed "Editor of the Whig and Courier."

THURSDAY, JANUARY 23, 1890.

The Verdict of the Coroner's Inquest.

The verdict of the Coroner's jury on the case of the unfortunate man killed in the Maine Central yard Monday night, fails to fix the responsibility for this sad tragedy. This we regard as a strange omission. That the man was killed by the cars was a self evident fact; that the road was not responsible for his death was shown by the testimony of the employes, but someone was responsible. Had a man been picked up in the streets with a bullet hole in his head every possible effort would have been made to ferret out the crime. If this man came to his death by reason of being under the influence of liquor a crime has been committed and the man who sold him the liquor is responsible for his death. While he may not be amenable to the law for murder he is morally a murderer and all the odium that attaches to this sad affair should be brought home to his door.

There is not an intelligent man in this community who does not believe that liquor was the direct agent that led to this accident. It is the only sensible conclusion that one can possibly reach. Had the man simply been walking on the track he must have been seen by the lookout on the car if he was doing his duty and there is no reason to believe otherwise. He testified clearly on this point. There was no outcry, the first intimation of an accident being the jarring of the car as it passed over the unfortunate man. What was he doing on the track at that time of night? Men in their sober senses do not calmly lie down on a railroad track, and if he was not in that position, then, as we have said above, he must have been seen, or at least have made some outcry when the car struck him. The Agent of the Maine Central Railroad, a responsible gentleman, told THE WHIG representative that the physicians plainly detected the odor of liquor on the young man's breath after they reached him. A brother of the deceased informally stated to the officials that they had visited a saloon where the victim of the accident had treated the party, but that his brother only drank plain soda. Does the jury believe that story? One of the members of the jury has said, so we are informed, that he believed that the man was intoxicated, but he did not regard that fact as having anything to do with the verdict. We cannot agree with him. If the man was intoxicated that was the "means" that led to his death, and as we understand the object of an inquest that fact should have been brought out in the verdict. In this opinion we are sustained by the County Attorney.

Instead of placing additional lights on moving cars THE WHIG believes that a surer way of preventing such accidents as those which have shocked this community in the past twelve months would be to put the lights out in the saloons in this city.

Inconsistency of the Saloon Advocates.

The report comes from Augusta that the Democratic Committee is sending out circulars to sound the sentiment of the party on the advisability of inserting a license plank in the platform this year. This caution is of itself a flat contradiction of the boastful assertions that have appeared in the columns of the saloon advocate. If there had been any considerable change in public sentiment as regards the prohibitory law there would be no occasion for this quiet canvass to ascertain whether it would be safe to venture upon a license campaign.

We hope that the Democratic party will have the courage of its convictions, however, and take a square stand in favor of license law. THE WHIG welcomes the issue and gives notice now that in a campaign waged largely upon the question of prohibition vs. license the Democratic party will be buried so deep in this State that it will be impossible to find it. But for the sake of the argument let us imagine for a moment that there is a growing sentiment in favor of a repeal of the law. In that case the course of its opponents ought to be clear. If the law is unpopular and worthless as is claimed by these opponents, then the way to increase the one and demonstrate the other is to enforce the law to the very letter. This, however, is just what the opponents of the law do not want done. They array themselves solidly against all enforcement of the law, thereby showing the utter inconsistency of their position unless they admit that an unrestricted liquor traffic is really what they are after. If they were sincere in their protestations about public sentiment they would go to work to repeal the law, in the mean time relying upon its enforcement as one of the surest means of accomplish their object. On the other hand they use every possible obstacle in the way of its enforcement and then coolly contend that the law is powerless to cope with the liquor question. Let the open violation of any law for the punishment of crime go unnoticed and such violations will increase, but there would be no sense in arguing that the law was powerless to restrict the crime at which it was aimed.

The fact is the saloon advocates do not want the law enforced because they know that it will work a wonderful improvement in the condition of affairs in this city. The few raids already made have caused a change from open, defiant violation of the law to a secret and mysterious manner of conducting the illegal traffic. In addition to the searches that have been made there are some fifty cases of single sales, the evidence of which will be presented in the original packages to the Grand Jury. The penalty for the first offense is a fine of $50 and thirty days in jail. There is no disposition to simply punish the violators of the law. What is aimed at is the suppression of the saloon traffic, and any man against whom this unanswerable evidence has been obtained who surrenders his United States license and goes out of the business will not be prosecuted. The charge will be held over him and should he again engage in the business he will be taken into Court. One or more licenses have already been surrendered and others probably will be.

The law, if will thus be seen, is able to cope with this evil when given a chance.

Bar's History of Machias.

The Machias

Among other interesting "fragments of history" it gives the following:

Sometime about 1800 Albert Gallatin, a Scotchman perhaps, a foreigner, landed at St. John, made his way through the woods via Calais to Machias, and spent several weeks in town, his home meanwhile being in the family of Jeremiah O'Brien, son of Morris of earlier fame. While Jo'Brien's house he fell sick and Mrs. O'Brien as indeed all the family cared for him.

Gallatin made his way on to New York. Thomas Jefferson was inaugurated the third President in 1801 and in selecting his Cabinet he made Gallatin Secretary of the Treasury. Shortly Jeremiah O'Brien received a commission for Collector of Customs for the Port of Machias, accompanied by a private letter, by the Secretary, giving as a reason for the courtesy as well as the "Honor" here conferred," the kind hospitality of Mr. and Mrs. O'Brien a few years before! Bread cast upon the waters! The custom house was then kept in Captain Smith's long shed before mentioned already famous in local history.

Talleyrand, the French exile, banished for his patriotic sentiments, about 1798 visited Machias. The house (Bruce house stand then) where the Prince lodged is at it standing, if not on the same lot, latter known as the Doctor Wetherbee house. Before Bruce lived in this house one White who came from Salem, Mass., occupied it a few years with his family and returned to Salem. In his family were one or more sons. In 1834, '35, the terrible murder took place in Salem, White being the victim; our local historian says he was a son of the White who lived in Machias. Knapp and Crowinshield were the alleged murderers. Daniel Webster, then in the zenith of his popularity as legal advocate, was one of the counsel in the trial which lasted several days and attracted attention not only in this country but Europe.

James Gordon Bennett, he who afterwards founded the New York *Herald* taught one night in Machias. The same winter he, Bennett, taught a term of school in Steuben, the western town in Washington county.

No Uncertain Sound.

[Boston Traveller.

As the *Traveller* has had occasion to mention before, the city of Bangor, Me., affords one of the most hotly-contested battlefields for the maintenance of law against illicit liquor selling, because of the indifference of social and political leaders, and of the public press as a whole, to the gross and defiant disobedience to the laws by the Bangor saloon ring. One journal, and that a most popular and able and influential daily, has from first to last, with consistency and ability, fought for the enforcement of law. THE BANGOR WHIG has for its editor and proprietor Congressman Boutelle of the Penobscot District and his paper has gallantly stood by order and good government in the hot contest with the liquor miscrule in Bangor.

Congressman Boutelle is not a half-way man in anything, and does not talk temperance and mean something else. He does not personally use intoxicants, and he was, in the National Convention, the member principally instrumental in causing, by resolution, the Republican party to express sympathy for wise temperance action. There is no wiser temperance action than to oppose disregard and rebellion against temperance laws. With the convictions held by Congressman Boutelle it is little wonder that THE BANGOR WHIG, as the exponent of his public views, has strenuously resisted the lawless combination in Bangor, a combination that has so long dishonored one of the fairest municipalities in New England.

[Kennebec Journal.

THE BANGOR WHIG is making a grand fight for the suppression of the rum traffic in that city, and it is cordially supported by the strong temperance sentiment all over the State. The great mass of the people of Maine are strong friends of temperance and believe in the rigid enforcement of our prohibitory laws.

Special Notices.

Bangor Council, No. 123. ROYAL ARCAN UM. Stated meeting THURSDAY evening at 7½ o'clock. A full attendance is desired. jan23 1t

Dissolution.

By mutual consent, the firm of KNIGHT, EMERSON & ADAMS is dissolved as of January 1, 1890.

GEORGE W. KNIGHT, CHARLES C. EMERSON, EDWARD E. ADAMS.

Bangor, Me., January 21, 1890

Notice of Co-Partnership.

For the purpose of continuing the business lately carried on by the firm of Knight, Emerson & Adams, the undersigned have this day formed a copartnership, to date from the first day of January, 1890, under the firm name of EMERSON & ADAMS. The new firm will pay the liabilities of, and collect all sums due the old firm.

CHARLES C. EMERSON, EDWARD E. ADAMS.

Bangor, Me., January 21, 1890. jan22 3t

Notice to Fast Drivers.

The attention of the public is called to the city ordinance in regard to fast driving, which will be enforced by the arrest of any found driving in the city streets faster than allowed by law. At place has been provided on Maplewood Park, through the courtesy of the park owners, for those who desire to try the speed of their horses. Coasting upon sleds in the highways, especially during the day and early evening, will not be allowed, and owners of teams are cautioned to see that they have bells which can be heard.

GEO. W. WHITNEY, City Marshal. jan16 1m

ATTENTION

Having been called by advertisement of another Company, to the low cost of Life Insurance, I submit the following example for the information of those who may desire Life Insurance:

Henry Fabbright, Bangor, Maine, insured in 1870 by Policy No. 101,874, for $3,000. Annual Life Plan. Age 31. Premium, $69.87.

He has paid twenty premiums of $69.87, in all $1,397 40
Less surplus premiums, or dividends 425 39
Cash premiums on policy of $3,000 ..... $971 86
Average cost of $1,000 for one year $32 19

I can now surrender my policy for paid up insurance for $1,432.00; and this paid policy would participate each year in the surplus of the Company.

For Life Insurance at a low cost, apply to the

Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Co.

H. M. FAIRBANKS, General Agent, 21 MAIN STREET, BANGOR, MAINE. jan21 m 1w

Dramatic Readings

Bangor people do not often have the privilege of listening to a more cultured pastime than

Prof. RALPH G. HIBBARD,

who is soon to give dramatic readings in City Hall.

The Professor is a magnetic reader. He charms his audience and wherever he has been heard he is sure to be heard again and again. Don't stay away and then say "I wish I had gone, for I do like good readings." In a recent private letter the Professor says: "I anticipate great pleasure in meeting this engagement." He will give us a first-class entertainment. Let us give him a first-class reception. Arrangements are made for school children at reduced rates, so that all can hear him, which will be announced in advance.

Among the selections will be a few of his celebrated pieces, viz: Cardinal Wolsey's Farewell to Cromwell, Lady Geraldine's Courtship, Mrs. Jarley's Waxworks, Taylor, Lincoln, Gettysburg, Sheridan's Ride, Lady Clare, Curfew Must Not Ring Tonight, Lost Leonardo, Ingoldsby Legends, Mazeppa, Lady of Lyons, Rip Van Winkle, Jim Bludso, Lasca, Ingomar, Hunchback, Shamus O'Brien, Virginius, Katrina, Ben Hur, Lucretia Borgia

FROM CAMDEN

Juvenile Temple Organized

[illegible], Jan. 28. [illegible] W. Woodbury, of [illegible], Deputy Grand Chief Templar, [illegible] last evening a large society of Juvenile Temple.

PLANNING TO CELEBRATE.

[illegible]

CONGRESSIONAL.

The Slave Bill Still and Assigned for Monday.

The Chickasaw Bill Passed by the Senate.

Buildings for United States Paintings.

[illegible]

"THE BAD MAN AFFAIR.

The Treaty Negotiated at Berlin Made Public.

An Honorable, Just and Equal Settlement of the Question.

[illegible]

DEADLY HEART RENDING.

Pitiful Tale of Destitution and Starvation in South Dakota.

Families Without Clothing and Scarcely Food to Eat for Winter.

Many Deaths Will Occur Unless Relief is Speedily Given.

[illegible]

LOCAL MATTERS.

The usual church meeting of the Congregational Society will be held in the church vestry, this evening at 7:30 o'clock.

The veterans of the Soldier's Home, Togus, have been receiving their share of the bounty, over 200 of them having been at work in recently.

The promotion of Capt. R. Sherman, of Gardiner, as Grand Sergeant of the Grand Lodge, A. O. U. W., was forwarded to him Tuesday.

Collection of fees is usually dull in the Secretary's Department. Even at the State House, however, we have received a few coppers.

[illegible]

The many friends of Mr. James D. Mahoney will extend their sympathy upon the death of his estimable wife, which occurred yesterday. The funeral will occur Saturday afternoon at two o'clock.

Engineer J. B. Angell, who was injured in the railway accident at Kingman last winter, and whose health has been in a critical condition since then, died yesterday at the age of fifty years. He was one of the ablest engineers, was a thoroughly competent official, and had many friends among the railroad men and others. He was a member of Resolute Lodge of Odd Fellows, and the lodge will have charge of his funeral.

[illegible]

The Unitarian Society will hold a social this evening at the Memorial Parlors, and a pleasant treat is expected.

Messrs. Laughlin & Clergue have purchased of the Penobscot Steam Navigation Company, the M. & M., Jane and Lizzie Stetson, and will continue the business in the future.

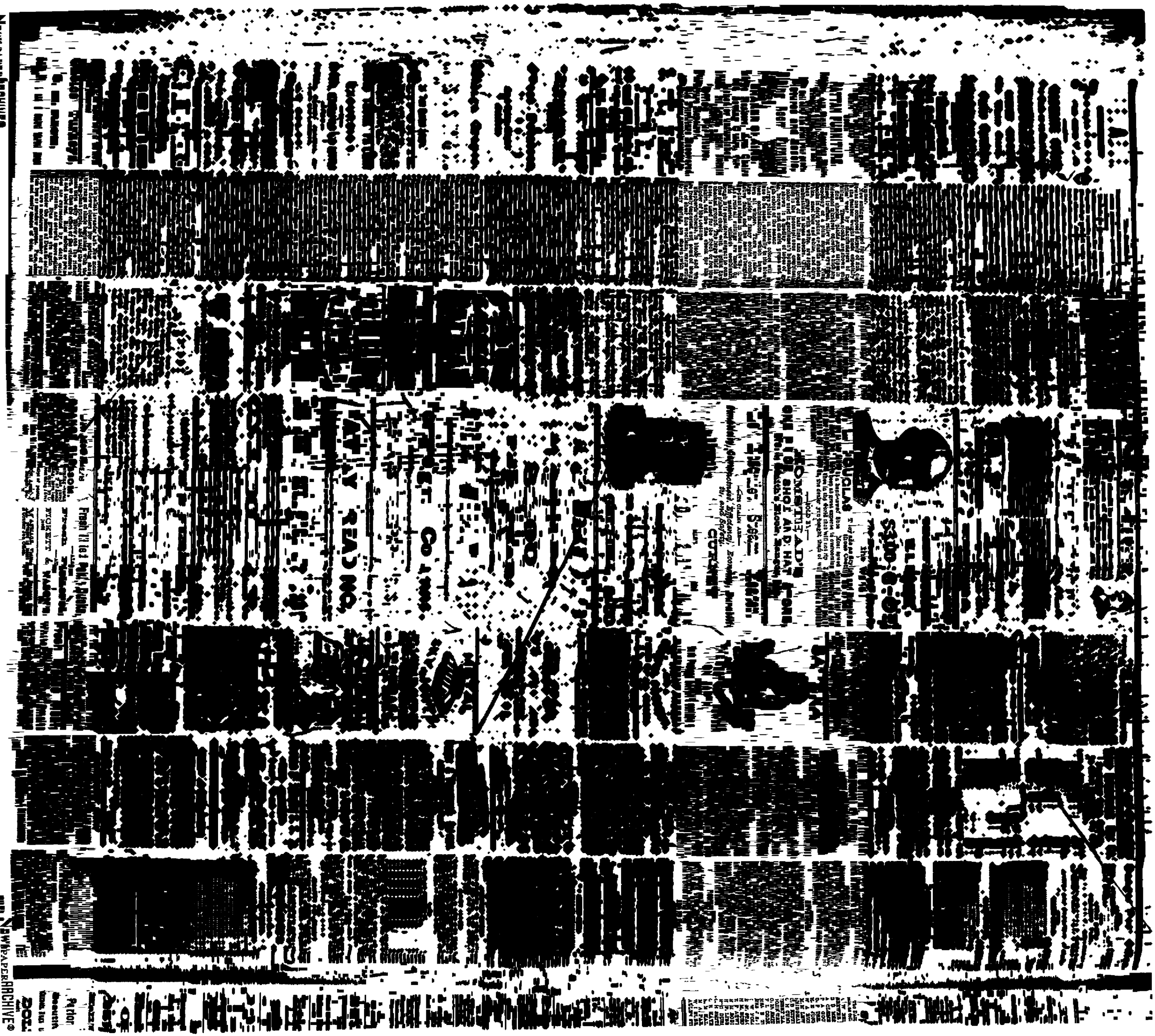
The police last night arrested a man named John McCormick on Washington street for drunkenness. He was accompanied in his wanderings by a new hardware clerk, which, on investigation, proved to be filled with rum. He said he had boarded for Vassar.

Yesterday there were slips off from the Pendleton blockery works three boxes of salmon cans, containing 48,000, packed in boxes of each, in Cold Spring Harbor, N. Y., where they were contracted in United States Fish Commissioner F. Mather. It was the first lot this year.

The men in the woods who have been alarmed by the indians are now resuming work and getting back to work. Quite a number of them have had a touch of Pine Tree fever, and have gone home to see their friends.

[illegible]

The Ladies' Social Club of the Congregational Society will meet this afternoon at the parlors of the church. The committee of arrangements for the social to be held Thursday evening, Feb. 7, are Mrs. Geo. W. Weston, Mrs. Geo. W. Woodbury, Mrs. Geo. C. Gerrish, Mrs. Geo. E. Marrs, Mrs. Geo. W. Weston, Mrs. Geo. W. Weston, Mrs. Geo. W. Weston



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